

Sheet 4

Exercise 4.1

Let \mathcal{H} be a Hilbert space, and $S \subset \mathcal{H}$ a subset.

a) Show that $\overline{\text{span}(S)} = (S^\perp)^\perp$;

b) Deduce that

$$\overline{\text{span}(S)} = \mathcal{H} \Leftrightarrow S^\perp = \{0\};$$

c) Prove that $\mathcal{S}(\mathbb{R}^d)$ is dense in $H^s(\mathbb{R}^d)$ for all $s \in \mathbb{R}$.

Hint: You may use from Fourier Analysis that $\mathcal{S}(\mathbb{R}^d)$ is dense in $L^2(\mathbb{R}^d)$.

Homework

Exercise 4.2

Prove that if X is a normed space and Y a Banach space, then $B(X, Y)$ is complete, i.e., a Banach space.

Exercise 4.3 (Weak convergence)

Let \mathcal{H} be a Hilbert space, $(f_n)_{n \in \mathbb{N}}$ be a sequence in \mathcal{H} and $f \in \mathcal{H}$. Prove that the following are equivalent as $n \rightarrow \infty$:

- (i) $f_n \rightarrow f$ in norm.
- (ii) $f_n \rightharpoonup f$ weakly in \mathcal{H} and $\|f_n\| \rightarrow \|f\|$ as real numbers.

Hand in on 01.03.2023 before the lecture or by 10:00 by mail to jonas.lampart@u-bourgogne.fr.